Investigative Response Case Metrics Initiative

Preliminary findings from 700+ data compromise investigations

GLOBAL CAPABILITY. PERSONAL ACCOUNTABILITY.

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MiniMetricon 2.5 April 07, 2008





Investigative Response @ Verizon Business IR Case Metrics Initiative IR Statistics & Trends



2

Who am I?







About Me – Hat I'd Never be Caught Wearing





About Me – Hat I'd Never be Caught Wearing







r = +.998

About Me – Hat I'm trying to Wear



































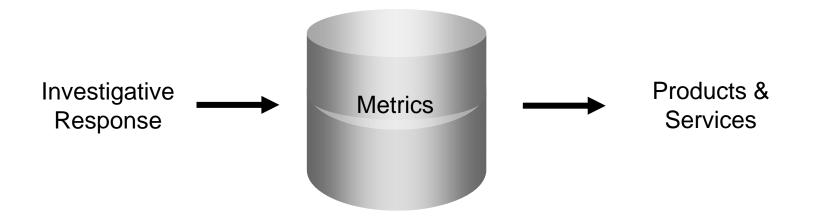






"Then why are you here talking to us about investigative response trends?"

















IT Investigative Support (On-demand) Guaranteed Response (Retainer-based) Incident Response Training (CIRT) Computer Forensic Training Electronic Data Recovery / Destruction

Services

Expert Witness Testimony Mock-Incident Testing Corporate IR Program Development Litigation Support & eDiscovery Tactical Management Briefings



230 cases in 2007 (1/4 of disclosures*)

185 cases in 2006 (1/4 of disclosures*)

166 cases in 2005 (1/3 of disclosures*)

130 cases in 2004



*Source: http://www.idtheftcenter.com/

3 of the 5 largest data breaches



Overview: IR Metrics Initiative



2004 – Q3 2007: Some high-level statistics & trends; some diffusion of insight and data

Q4 2007 – Present: Hundreds of case metrics defined & operationalized; systematic collection for all previous cases

Near Future: Diffusion of data internally and externally; Reoccurring public report of findings



What's the current status of this effort?

What's the dataset for this talk?



Sampling of cases from 2004-Present

High-level caseload statistics and trends from each investigator

Data collection on case backlog: Mostly complete for 2007, Majority for 2006, Partial for 2005 & 2004



Bottom Line: This is a work in progress but there is more than enough data to support these findings...



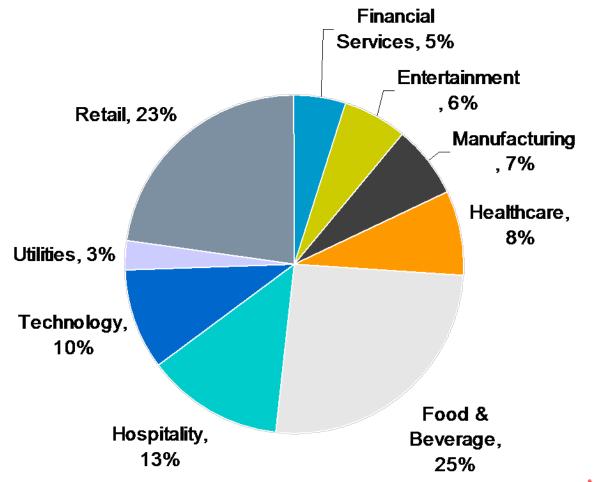
Overview: IR Metrics Initiative

...just add "-ish" to the end of all numbers





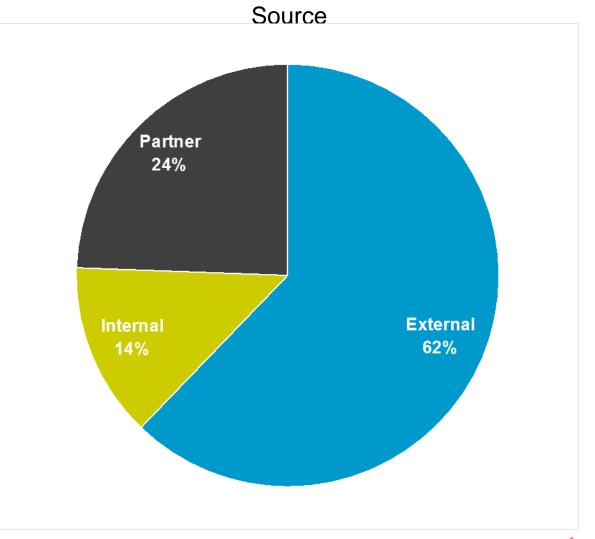
Industry



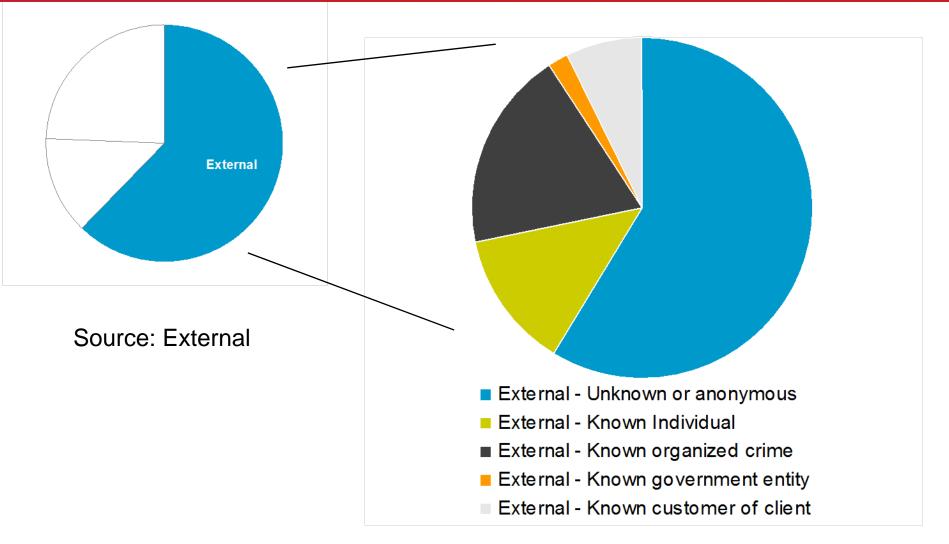


What is the source of breaches?

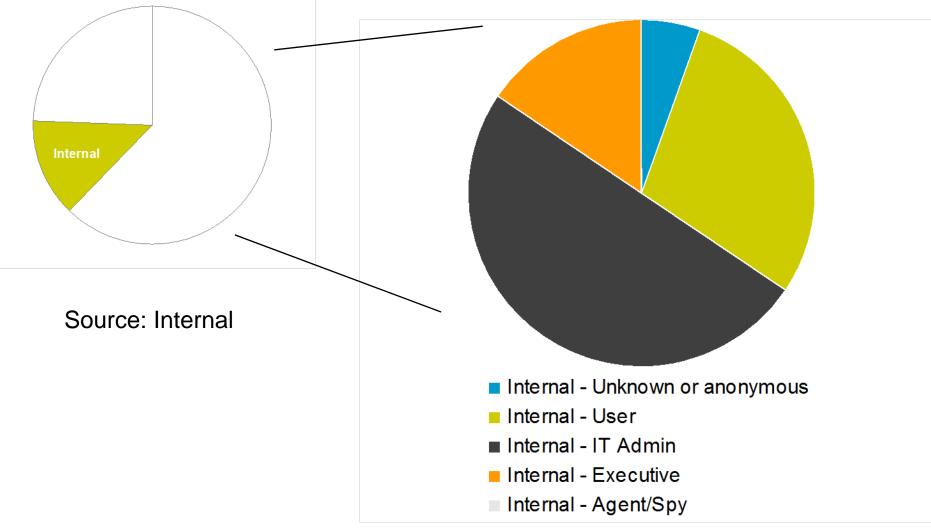




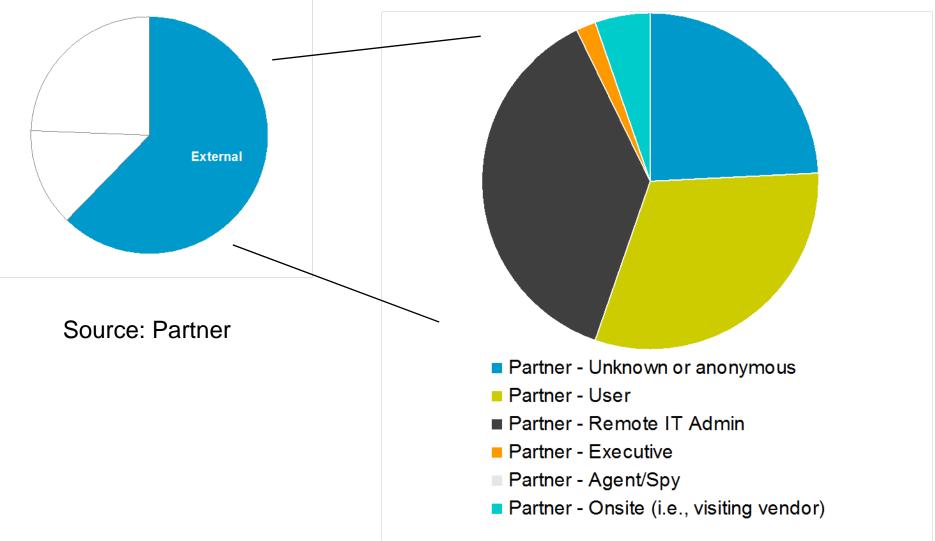




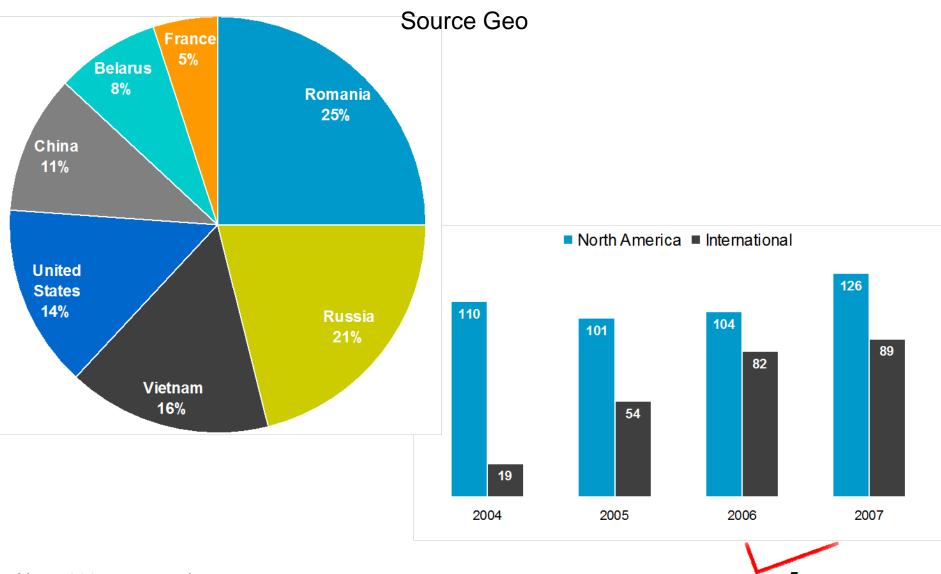












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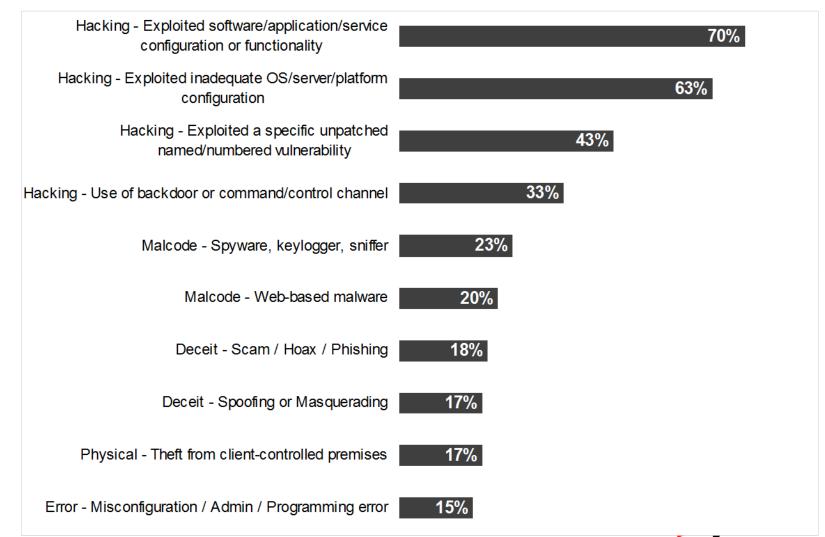
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How do breaches occur?



Methods, Top 10

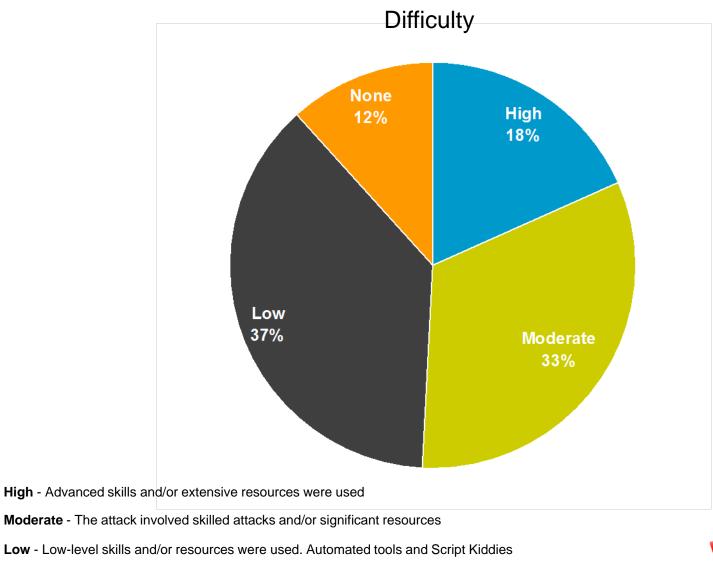




Methods, Continued

Deceit - Social Engineering	13%
Misuse - Non-malicious misuse of corporate resources	13%
Malcode - Worm or Virus	13%
Error - User error	13%
Physical - Wiretapping / Sniffing	12%
Misuse - Malicious misuse / abuse of access or privilege	12%
Error - Inadvertent disclosure of sensitive data via web	10%
Physical - Theft from external location	8%
Error - Technical / system failure	8%
Physical - Loss or misplacement of asset	7%
Physical - System access or tampering	7%

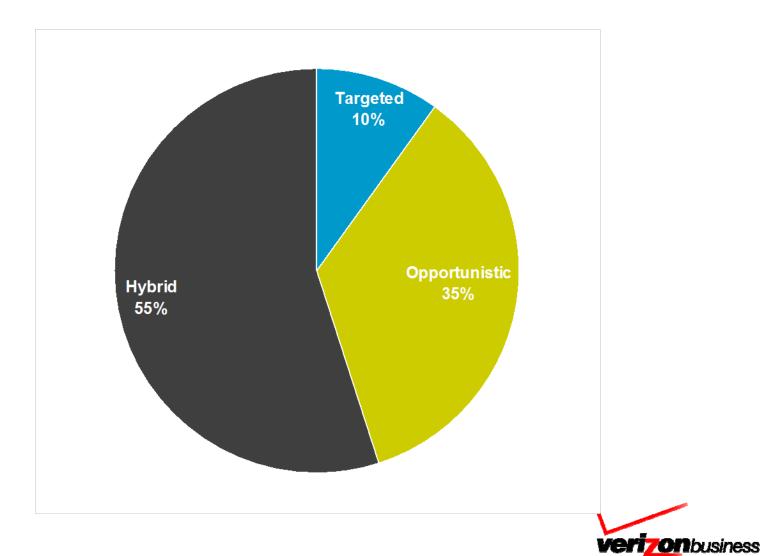




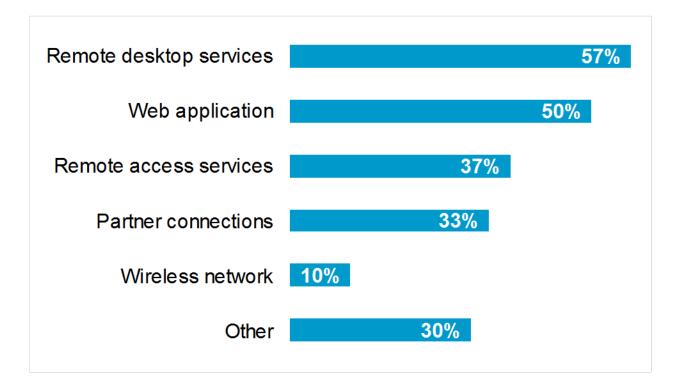


None - No special skills or resources were used. The average user could have done it

Targeted vs Opportunistic

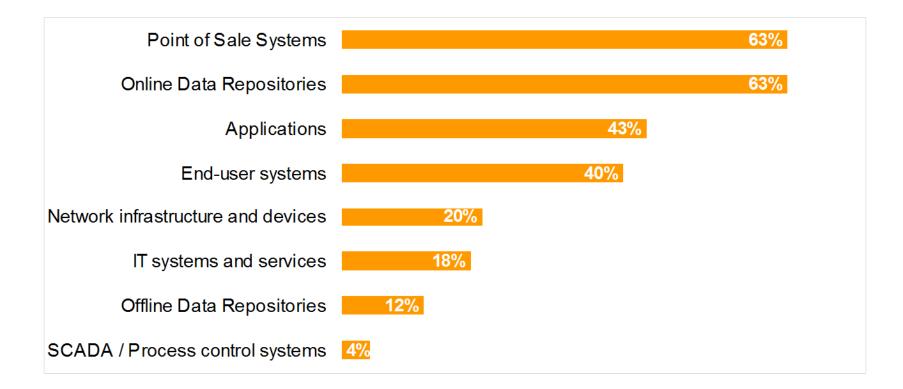


Vector



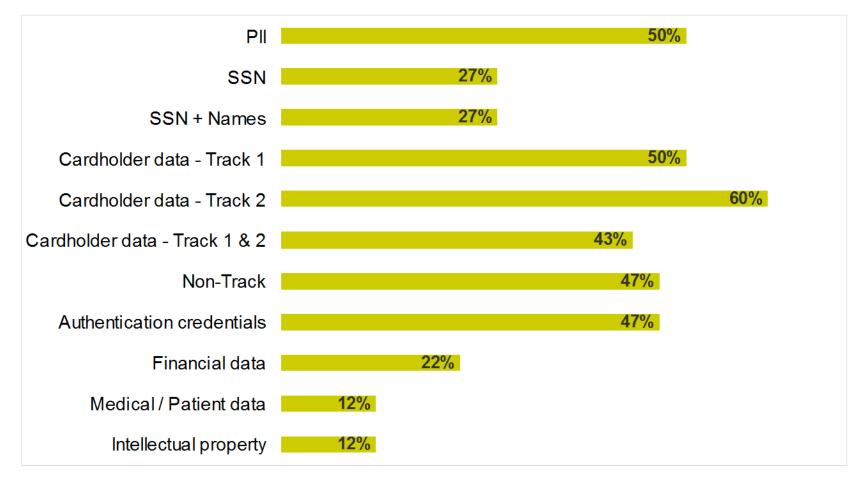


Compromised Asset





Compromised Data





Time Span

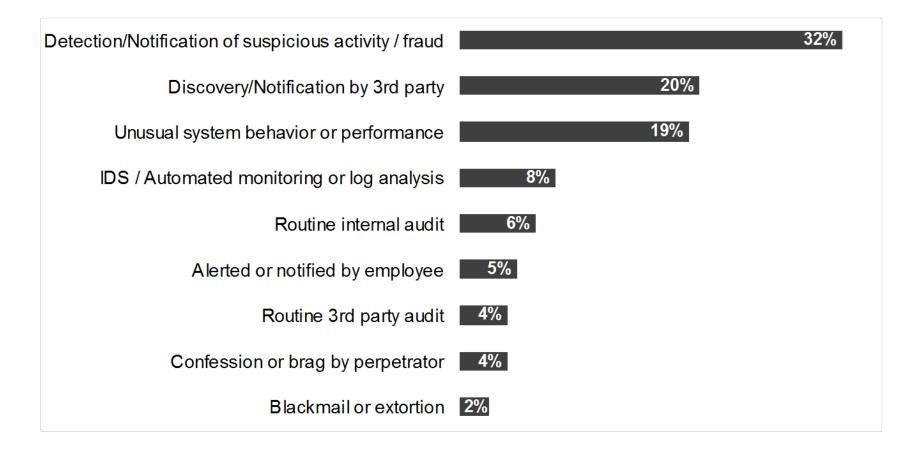
Point of entry to compromise = ~Hours Compromise to discovery = ~Months Discovery to mitigation = ~Weeks



How are breaches discovered?



Incident Discovery





Anti-forensics

Q4 2006 = 14% of cases

Q4 2007 = **67%** of cases



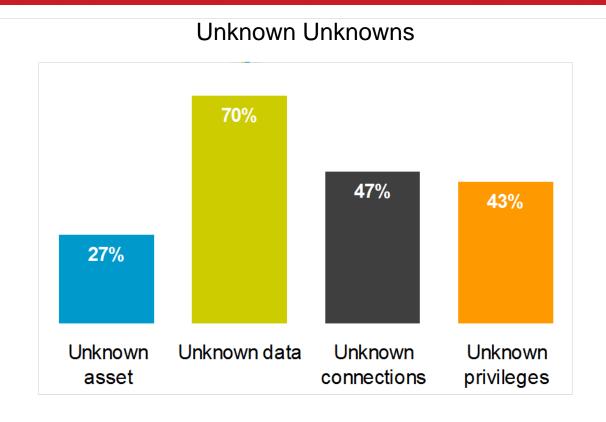
Can breaches be prevented?



Yes.

87% of incidents could have been avoided through the use of "due diligence" or "reasonable" security controls.





- An asset/system that the client did not know existed
- An asset/system that held DATA that the client DID NOT know existed on that asset/system
- An asset/system that had unknown network connections or accessibility
- An asset/system that had unknown active accounts and/or privileges



Asset / Data discovery & classification	70%
Software / App development standards	57%
Minimization or removal of replicated data	52%
Identity Management	50%
More restrictive access privileges	50%
Firewalls / Routers configured for default-deny	47%
Network segmentation or zoning	47%
More consistent vulnerability patching	47%
System hardening / minimal config	47%
Disk Encryption	47%
IDS / Network monitoring	43%

% of cases that would likely have been prevented (or at least substantially mitigated) if the control had been in place (or of better quality) at the time of the attack



Intrusion Prevention System	40%	% of cases that would likely have been prevented (or at least substantially mitigated) if the control had been in place (or of better quality) at the time of the attack
User awareness & training	40%	
Checks to identify technical non-compliance	40%	
Data Loss Prevention / Content filtering	30%	
Client / personal firewall	30%	
Antivirus software	23%	
Physical security controls	13%	
Anti-Spyware	13%	
USB Blocking	8%	
More frequent vulnerability patching	2%	

