

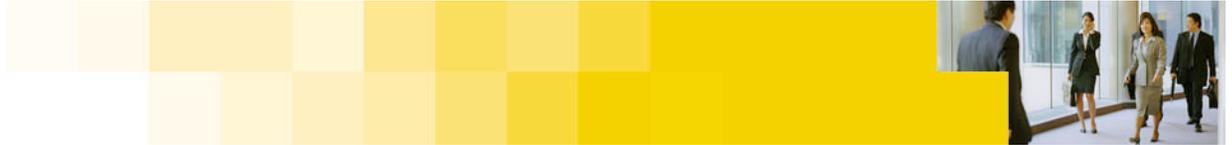


Metricon '06

Top Network Vulnerabilities  
Over Time  
Vik Solem

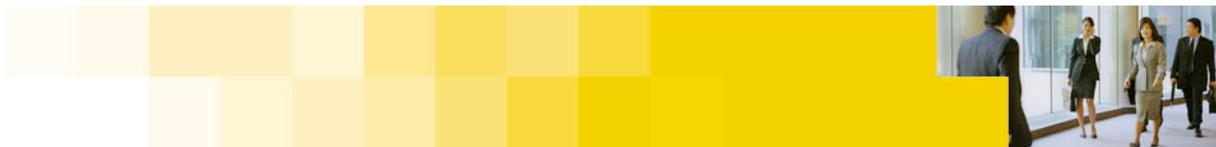
*August 1, 2006*





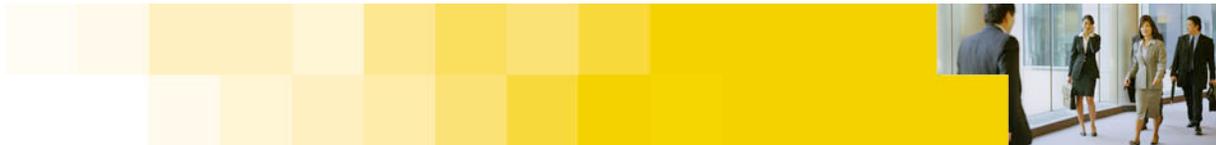
## Network Vulnerabilities Data

- ▶ Size of Data
  - More than 1,000,000 vulnerability instances
  - More than 1 year of data available
- ▶ Type of Data
  - Standard Nessus Vulnerability IDs
- ▶ Set Selection
  - Only Nessus Data
  - 8 consecutive months of data
  - No Informational Level Entries

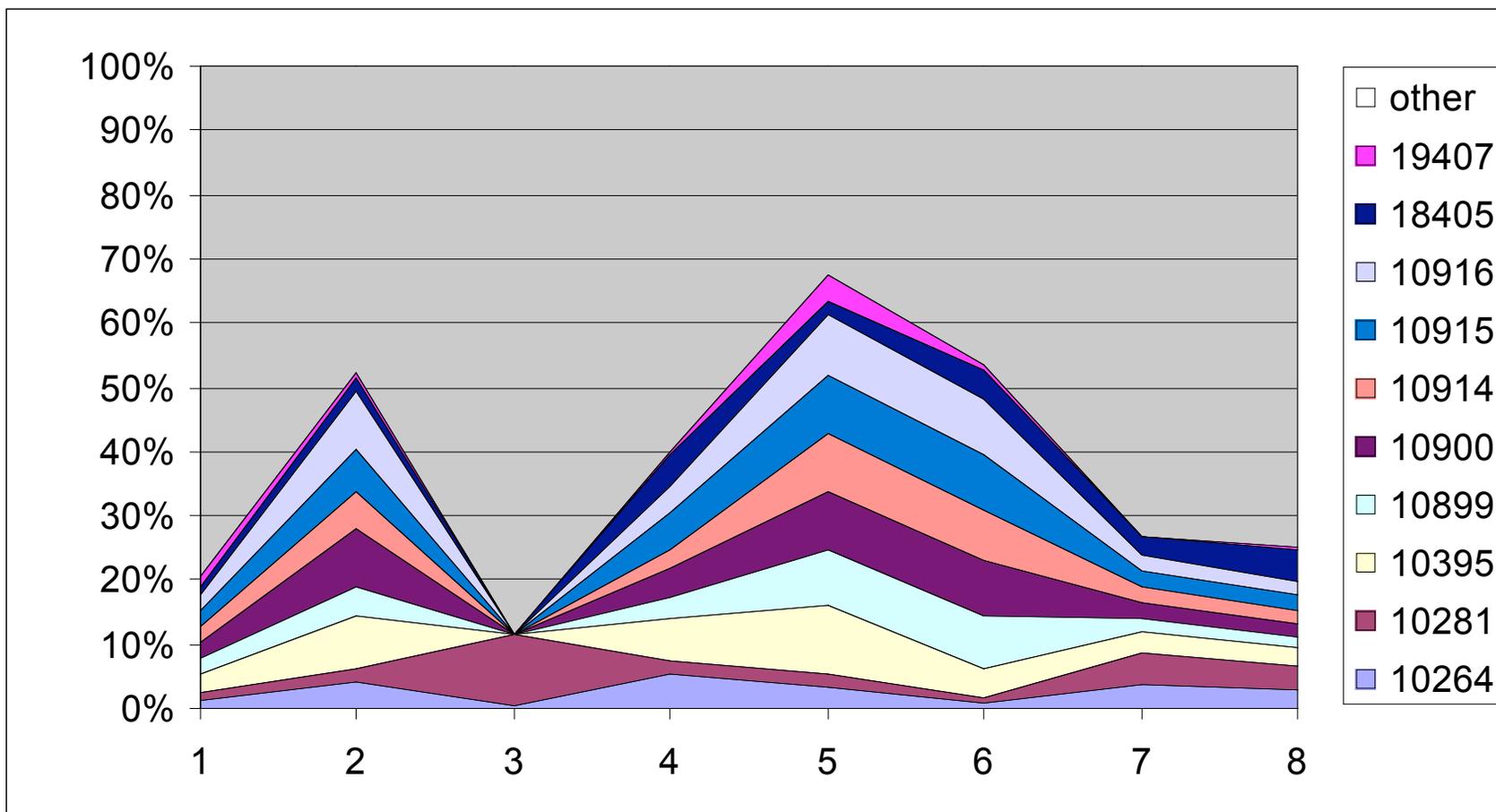


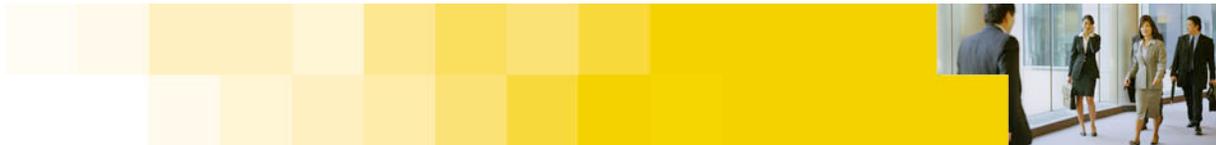
## Network Vulnerabilities

- ▶ Top 10 Vulnerabilities
  - 10 most reported vulnerabilities in the entire data set
  - Shown over 8 months compared with all other vulnerabilities
- ▶ Vulnerabilities Found In All Time Periods
  - Only 23 vulnerabilities occurred in all periods
  - Shown over 8 months
  - Shown with top 10

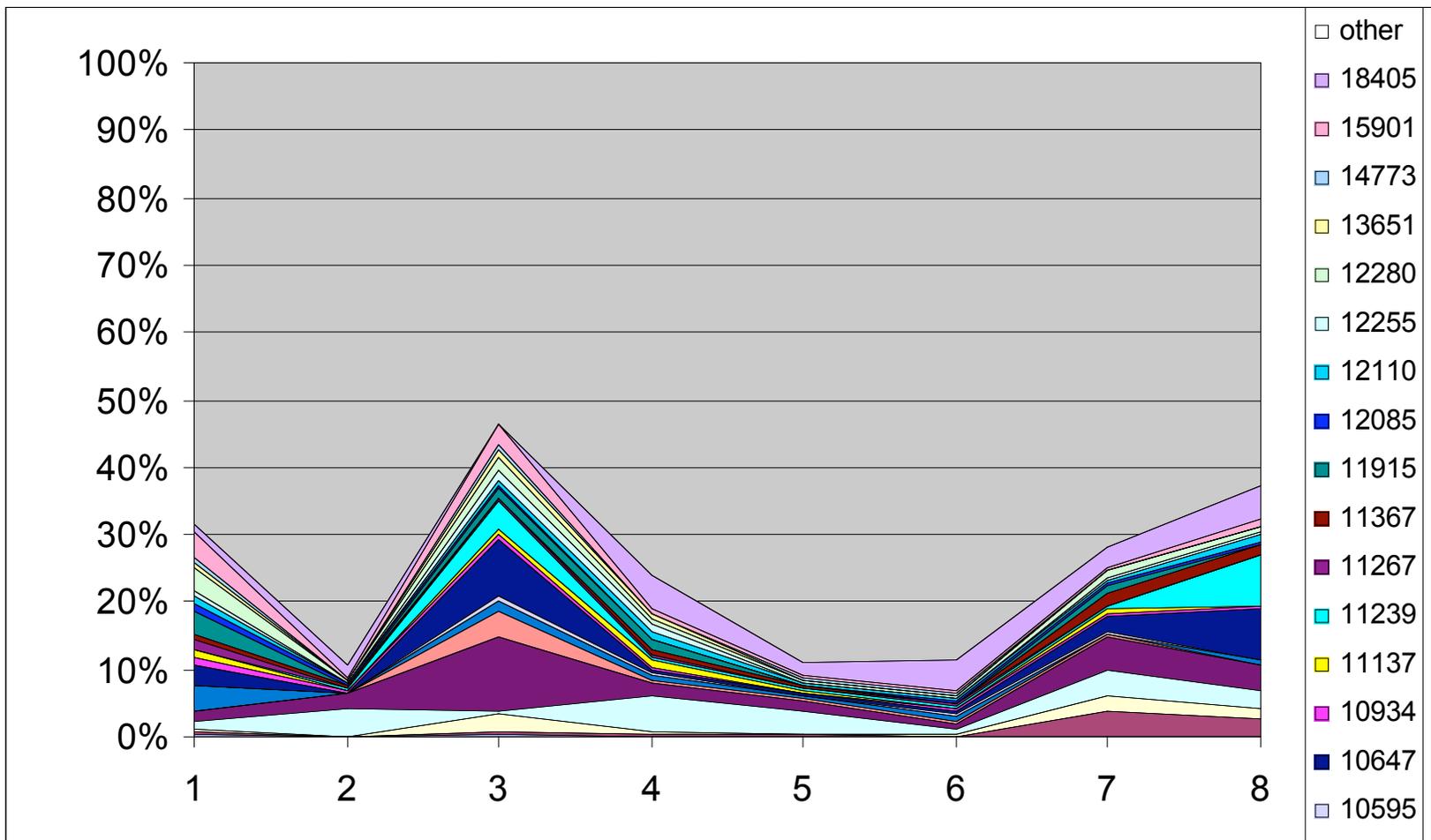


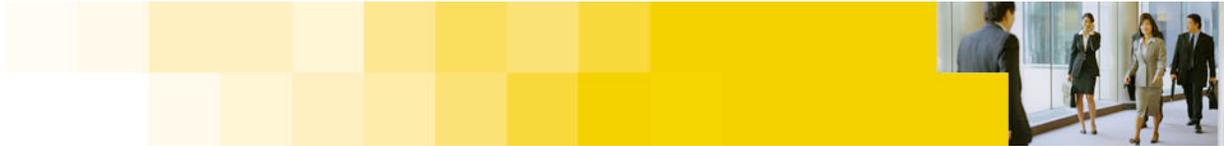
## Top 10 Vulnerabilities Over 8 Months



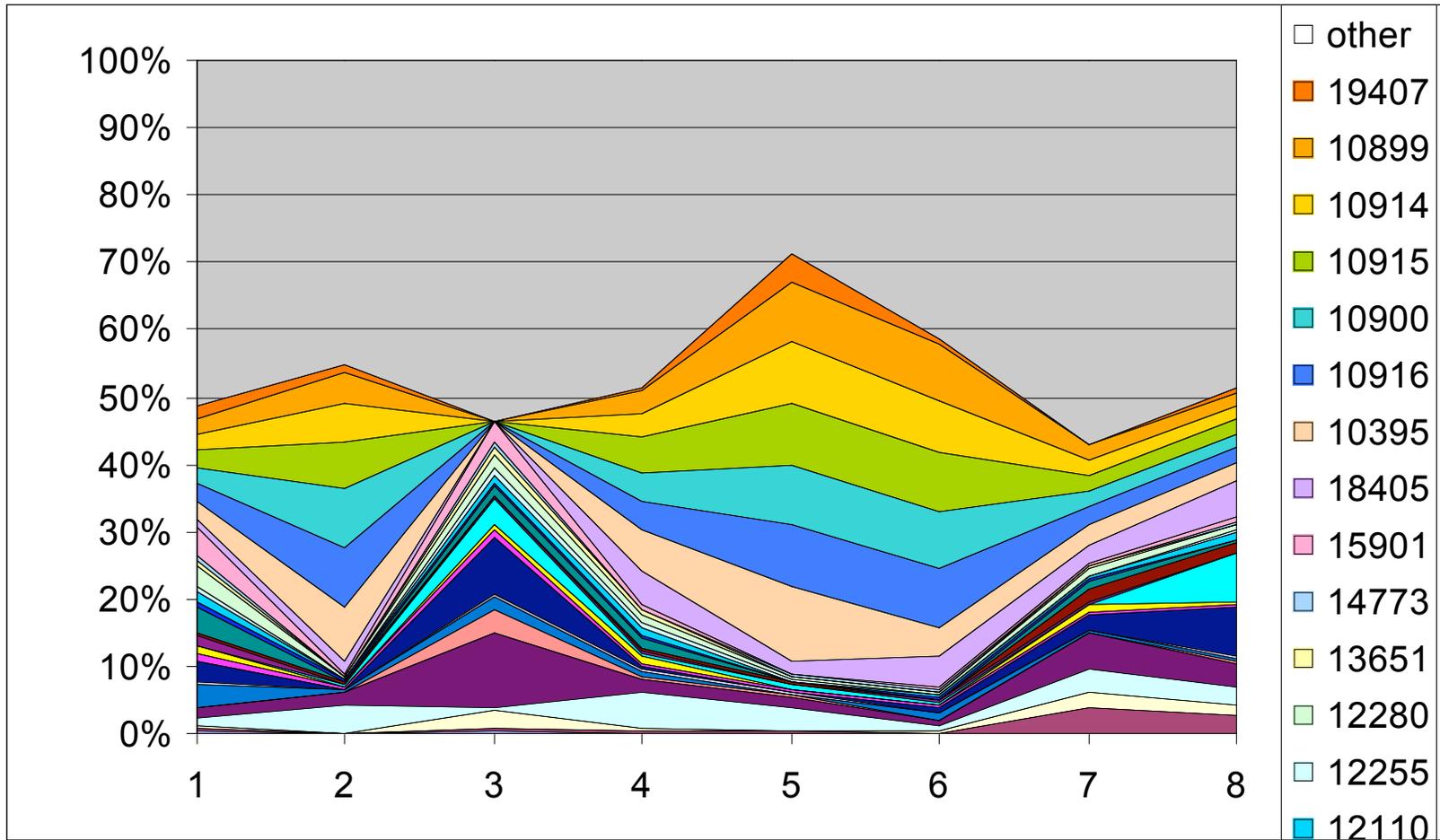


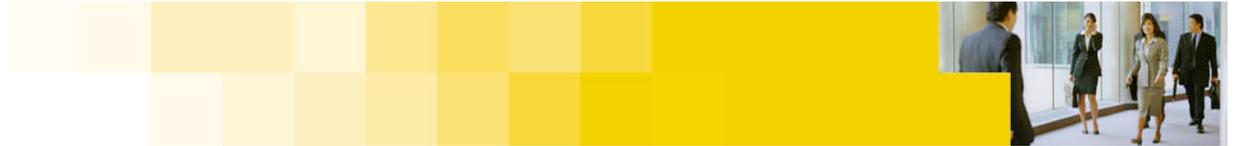
## Vulnerabilities Found in All Time Periods





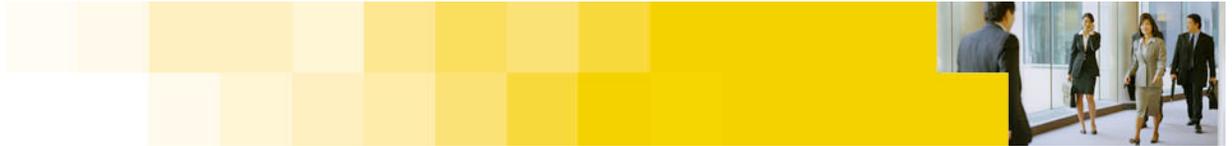
## Top 10 Plus Those in All Time Periods





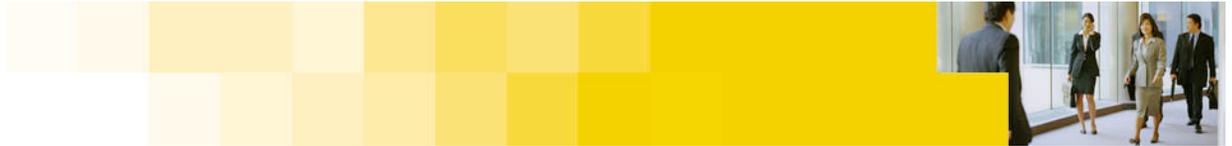
## Top 10 Vulnerabilities

1. 10264: SNMP Default Community Names
2. 10281: Telnet Server Detection
3. 10395: SMB Shares Enumeration
4. 10899: Win Domain User Info (never logged in)
5. 10900: Win Domain User Info (password never expires)
6. 10914: Win Local User Info (never changed password)
7. 10915: Win Local User Info (never logged in)
8. 10916: Win Local User Info (password never expires)
9. 18405: Windows Remote Desktop MitM vuln
10. 19407: Windows Printer Spooler Vuln



## **Symantec Threat Report Top 10 Attacks (July-December 2005)**

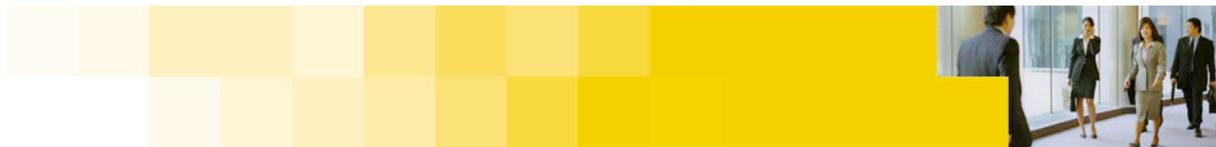
1. Microsoft SQL Server Resolution Service Stack Overflow Attack
2. Generic HTTP Directory Traversal Attack
3. Generic ICMP Flood Attack
4. Generic WebDAV/Source Disclosure HTTP Header Request Attack
5. Generic HTTP CONNECT TCP Tunnel Attack
6. Sendmail Header Processing/Prescan corruption Buffer Overflow Attack
7. Generic Cross-Site Scripting in URL Attack
8. Microsoft FrontPage Sensitive Page Attack
9. Generic X86 Buffer Overflow (TCP NOPS) Attack
10. Possible Incoming Malicious Attachment Event



# Qualys “Laws of Vulnerabilities Report” Most Common Vulns (January 2006)

## ▶ Part 1

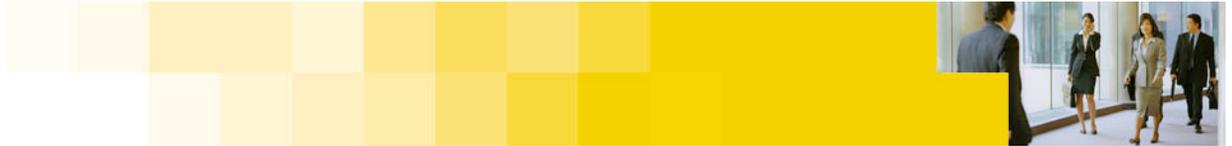
- MS Object Library Buffer Overflow (CVE-2005-0057)
- MS Queuing Buffer Overflow (CVE-2005-0059)
- MS DoS & Priv Escalation (CVE-2005-0061)
- MS Exchange Remote Code Execution (CVE-2005-0560)
- MS Web Client Service Remote Code Exec (CVE-2005-1207)
- MS Color Mgt Module Remote Code Execution (CVE-2005-1219)
- MS PnP Remote Code Execution (CVE-2005-1983)
- MS Client Service Netware Buf Ovrflow (CVE-2005-1985)
- MS PnP Remote Code Execution (CVE-2005-2120)
- MS DirectShow Remote Code Execution (CVE-2005-2128)
- MSDTC & COM+ Remote Code Execution (CVE-2005-1980)
- MS Graphics Engine WMF Format Code (CVE-2005-4560)



## Qualys “Laws of Vulnerabilities Report” Most Common Vulns (January 2006)

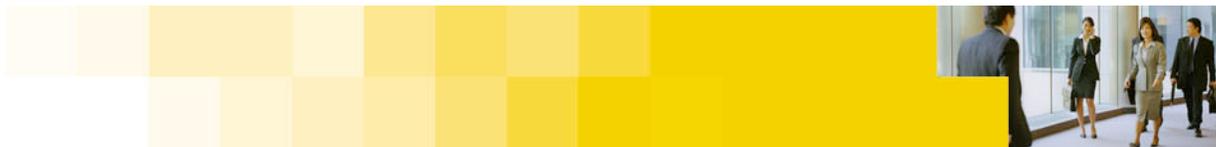
### ▶ Part 2

- MS SMB Remote Code Execution (CVE-2005-1206)
- MS Print Spooler Remote Code Execution (CVE-2005-1984)



## Next Steps

- ▶ Split Data for Different Report Types
  - Types of scans (internal vs. external)
  - Types of scanners (Nessus vs. others)
- ▶ Summarize Data for Vulnerability Categories
  - Our top 10 includes 5 which could be called “Windows Information Leakage”
- ▶ Generate in Real Time in the Attack Center
  - As a job is completed display and compare to
    - Other jobs within the client
    - Other jobs overall
    - Other networks/scans of similar types



# Questions?

## Thank You.

Vik Solem

Principal Consultant

T. 617-768-2709

M. 617-308-3728

[vik\\_solem@symantec.com](mailto:vik_solem@symantec.com)