Developing secure applications with metrics in mind

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How secure is my application?

- Our focus is on application security
 - White box (vs. black box)
- "How secure is my application?"
 - = Do security requirements still hold?
 - Measuring if security mechanisms work as intended

Not measuring, e.g., #blocked intrusion attempts

Measuring (application-level) security

I. Need a structured repository of metrics

- Collect time-tested metrics
- 2. Need a framework for measuring
 - 2.1. Facilitating selection at development time
 - 2.2. Aggregate/interpret according to security objectives

Outline

- Problem: how secure is my application?
- Our solution
 - Associating metrics to security patterns [1]
 - Instantiate metrics through security patterns [2.1]
 - Interpret measurements during production (or development) [2.2]
- Conclusion and future work

Associating metrics to security patterns [1]

- Security patterns:
 - Package domain-independent knowledge and expertise
 - Reusable!
- Possible to attach security metrics to patterns [MetriCon1]
 - Ecosystem vs. core
- Use pattern selection to piggy-back metrics in the application

[MetriCon1] Software Security Patterns and Risk, T. Heyman and C. Huygens

Integrating metrics in the development cycle [2]



Metrics selection [2.1]

- Security requirements (domain specific) are assigned security objectives (domain independent)
- Select coherent set of security patterns to realise objectives (e.g., using [Yskout])
- Implement associated metrics

[Yskout] K.Yskout, T. Heyman, R. Scandariato, and W. Joosen, A system of security patterns

Metrics selection - illustration



Interpreting measurements [2.2]

- Use associated security pattern to aggregate measurements
 - Each pattern is instantiated for a certain security objective
 - E.g. Audit Interceptor provides Auditing
 - Patterns might depend on other patterns/objectives
 - E.g. Audit Interceptor depends on Secure Logger
- Combine measurements through resulting AND-OR-graph

Interpreting measurements - illustration



Conclusion

- A gap exists between:
 - high-level security requirements (i.e., what do stakeholders want)
 - production-level measurements (i.e., what is happening)
- Security patterns help to bridge this gap
 - Facilitates metric selection and instantiation
 - Enables aggregation of measurements to high-level indicators

Ongoing and future work

- Further validation: developing a PoC ATM system
- Perform sensitivity analysis on dependency graph
 - Identify "key indicators", weak points
- Seamlessly integrate metrics in code (through AOP)
 - Automation?

Thank you!

Questions or remarks?

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